# PRESIDENT INSIDE THE CAPES.

THE SQUADRON STEAMING UP CHESAPEARE HAY

Atretess Communication With It Had Heen Rept Up All Day Everybody thoused Well and the President in Excellent Apirits Rough Passage the Hatterns.

CAPE HENRY WIRELESS STATION, VA., Oct. 30.—The cruiser squadron. Admiral Brownson in command, conveying the President of the United States, appeared off Cape Henry at about 6 P. M. The squadron consisted of the West Virginia, flagship of Rear Admiral Brownson, the Colorado and the Pennsylvania. They were joined by the Maryland at this point, which had been off the coast all day waiting for the s madron. Wireless communication between the squadron and the Government wireless elegraph station at this point was kept up all of last night and to-day. The service was very successful and about thirty messages were exchanged to-day.

Nokfolk, Va., Oct. 30 .- Admiral Brownson's squadron, led by the cruiser West Virginia, aboard of which President Roosevelt is. hove in sight off Cape Henry at 8:15 o'clock to-night, and at 9:30 o'clock passed in from sea. The ships did not make a detour to the left, as they needs must have done were they to follow the prearranged programme and transfer the President from the flagship to the cruiser Dolphin in Lynnhaven Bay, but proceeded up Chesapeake Bay.

Shortly afterward the wireless telegraphers at Care Henry announced that the programme had been changed because of the heavy sea running and the transfer of the President to the Dolphin would be made at Smith's Point at the mouth of the Potomac if the conditions there were favorable. Pilots of the Maryland Association were ordered to join the cruisers off the Capes and pilot them to harbor. These proceeded to the sea from Old Point, as the surf at Cape Henry was too high to permit them to embark there with safety.

Most of the messages exchanged to-day were official and in cipher. but it was learned that everybody aboard is well, that the President is in excellent spirits and enjoying the exchange of messages with the shore. Darkness had come on when the squadron reached a point opposite Cape Henry. Otherwise it would have been possible to have seen the ships. so close to shore did they come, but their proximity was known through wireless communication only. Messages were exchanged with every ship except the Colorado, which could not be located, although enough was learned from the other ships to establish the fact that sho was with the equadron.

The despatch boat Dolphin, which came down to Lynnhaven Bay under official orders to receive the President and convey him up the Chesapeake Bay and the Potomac fiver to Washington, lay in waiting all day in the little inlet just above Cape Henry. At about 10:30 o'clock, Admiral Brownson asked Cape Henry station about weather conditions and the sea at Lynnhaven Bay. A fierce gale had prevailed since last night and the sea was heavy. This inquiry indicated that the President was considering the advisability of postponing his transfer from the West Virginia to the Dolphin until after the squadron got within the Capes. This was confirmed at 4 o'clock when the Dolphin asked permission by wireless to move up the Chesapeake Bay to Smith's Point, at the mouth of the Potomac River.

Reports indicate that the squadron had a rough passage by Cape Hatteras, which is one of the most dangerous spots on the Atlantic coast in a storm: but in spite of the weather the ships maintained an average speed of eighteen knots.

The commandant's office at the navy vard reports that nothing had been heard there from the President's vacht Sviph. which left Washington on Saturday, having aboard Mrs. Roosevelt and her children Ethel and Archie Roosevelt. It is thought that the Sylph is somewhere in the waters of lower Chesapeake Bay, awaiting the arrival of the West Virginia, so as to take the President by surprise. FROM THE WEST VIRGINIA AT SEA.

Via wireless from the West Virginia, at sea off Currituck Point, via wireless station Portsmouth, Va., Oct. 30.-From midnight till noon to-day the West Virginia faced a heavy cale from the northward and eastward, with a heavy head sea, making it eighteen knots. In the afternoon she resumed the speed of twenty knots, and with a stiff breeze from the northward and eastward, with a moderate sea on her beam, at 4:30 this afternoon the U. S. S. Maryland, a sister ship of the West Virginia, Pennsylvania and Colorado, called up, and after rendering the customary salute and honors to the President's flag took their position in the squadron. The President spent this morning on the forward bridges and this afternoon on the after bridges.

#### DEAF MUTE KILLED BY AUTO. Negress Who Could Not Note Warning

Run Down by H. W. Olmstead's Machine. While Mr. and Mrs. Harry W. Olmstead of 215 State street, Hackensack, N. J., were going through Englewood in their automobile last night they ran down Mrs. Gertrude Sisco, a colored deaf mute, killing her almost instantly. Naturally the warning horn was ineffective.

Mr. Olmstead went to the Englewood police headquarters and gave himself up. He was allowed to go, however, on his own recognizance. The charge of homicide is held against him and he will appear at an inquest to be held by Coroner Levy on Thursday. Mrs. Olmstead, who was in the auto with her husband, was formerly a Miss Kissam and is related to the Vander-

# BRITISH FLEET SAILS.

Will Have Speed Test on the Run From Halifax to Annapelis.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 30 .- The warships Drake, Bedford, Berwick and Cumberland left Halifax to-day for Annapolis, and will be joined en route by the two ships which went to St. Johns. The ships will have a speed and power tr al on the way.

It is expected the Drake, said to be the fastest cruiser in the navy, will show up 23 knots, while the others are expected to do better than 22.

From Annapolis the Rear Admiral and staff will proceed to Washington, where Prince Louis of Battenberg will visit President Roosevelt. From there they go to

A VOTE FOR IVINS MEANS a vote for Hearst, and a vote for Hearst means vote for an apostic of anarchy.—Ads.

#### MANGLED BOY TIED TO HAILS. Exidence That College Initiation Viettm Was Hetniess Hefure Train.

CINCINNATE, Oct. 30.-Coroner Scarborough of Mount Vernon came here to-day to investigate the death of Stuart Pierson, billed on the cathered teach Kenyon College, Saturday night. He oft to-night convinced, he said, that young Pierson had been tied to the track by students as part of his initiation into a college

fraternity With Detective Crim of the local force, Coroner Scarborough visited the Pierson home and examined the body. The officers found that the hand at the right wrist had been disjointed and that there was a dark bruise around the wrist as if made by a rope. There were similar marks on the left foot and ankle. Both officers believed these wounds were made by the boy, who was very muscular, trying to break his bonds when he realized that the train was bearing down upon him.

Detective Grim said he could not see how else the injuries were inflicted. The only other wounds, the ones causing death, were on the head

Coroner Scarborough said Pierson's fellow students had been in the habit of playing similar pranks and that this time they had miscalculated the time of trains.

He says the students were very careful to obliterate all traces of their reckless act, washing away the blood stains and carrying off the body before any one but themsives knew of the killing. They did

#### not notify the coroner until the next day. 10 TO 7 NOW ON JEROME.

Small Bets on McClellan at 2 1-2 to 1 Re ported on the Curb.

Jerome stock continued to rise on the curb yesterday, and he closed a betting favorite at 10 to 7. A week ago odds were 2 to 1 against him and considerable money was placed yesterday morning at 10 to 8 But later in the day the odds lengthened. One small bet at odds of 10 to 61/2 was made. but 10 to 7 was the prevailing figure in the afternoon. F. Schwed bet \$1,000 to \$750 on Jerome with Housman & Co., and placed three bets of \$100 to \$70 on the favor-Bunnell & Co. made two bets of \$1,000 to \$700 on Jerome, one with M. F. Broderick and the other with A. J. Kohn. Altogether about \$15,000 was put up on Jerome at odds of from 10 to 8 to 10 to 7.

McClellan odds, which showed a tendency to lengthen last Friday and Saturday shortened up again yesterday. Early in the day considerable money was put up at 3 to 1, but toward the close the odds changed to 21/2 to 1. Bunnell & Co. took the field against McClellan to the extent of \$250 to E. F. Dutton's \$500. J. J. Judge bet \$750 to \$300 on McClellan with Herzog & Glazier, and \$500 to \$200 with another firm

#### HORNBLOWER FOR M'CLELLAN. And So Is John L. Cadwalader, Who Is a Republican.

Among the letters received vesterday by Mayor McClellan was one from William B. Hornblower. "I am supporting your candidacy for reelection," Mr. Hornblower wrote, "and I sincerely hope that you will be successful. I believe that the best interests of the city will be furthered by a continuance of your administration.

John L. Cadwalader, who is a Republican wrote. "I am of the opinion that your record and your bearing in office absolutely entitle you to the support of independent citizens interested in good government, and I shall vote for you and do what I can toward your election, both as a pleasure and a duty

# CURB MARKET FLED

Before a Fire Engine Coming Full Tilt at the Ropes.

Some time ago there was a wave of reform on the Broad street curb and the curb brokers were roped in. The rope is strung upon standards, and enamel signs with the names of stocks traded in are attached to

Yesterday a false alarm of fire came in from 11 Wall street and a fire engine tore up Broad street in answer to the alarm. The curb brokers usually take up only about half the street, but the unoccupied half has been torn up by workmen and the fire engine had to make straight for the curb market.

With a wild whoop they abandoned business and rushed for the sidewalk. But the rope and trading posts were not forgotten. The brokers with the help of the mounted policemen detailed to watch the curb brokers grabbed the rope, and in less time than it takes to tell the street was clear. The emgine passed and business was resumed.

#### FAMED BUSINESS WOMAN TO WED. Jenny M. Hanson, Who Made \$250,000 in

Six Years, Announces Engagement.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 30 .- The engagement of Miss Jenny M. Hanson of this city and Mr. James Stonehelm of Cincinnati was announced to-night. Miss Hanson is a remarkable business woman. having accumulated a fortune in six years. She began taking subscriptions to magazines while teaching in the city schools at \$40 a month. She found she could make money with her agencies and gave up teaching. She opened an office and established agencies in other cities.

Two years ago she began to invest in real estate, and is now rated in the mercantile agencies as worth a quarter of a

Here she owns the old city library property, the Sayre property and the Kerr property. She owns a business block in Chicago, besides having bank stocks and

# FILIPINOS TO ESCAPE LAND TAX. Commission Will Suspend It in 1906 to Aid

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Manilla, Oct. 30.-The Philippine Commission has decided to suspend the land tax in the provinces during 1906 for the purpose of assisting impoverished planters. This action is largely attributable to the testimony on agricultural matters given before the Congressional members of the Taft party during their recent tour of the archipelago. The ordinary annual land tax does not amount to more than \$1,000,000.

#### Insist upon having Burnett's Vanilla .- Adv. FIVE TRAINS DAILY TO BUFFALO.

chigh Valley R. R. Excellent accommodations. 1234 Broadway, N. Y.; 825 Fulton St., Bklyn.

# CHINESE ATTACK U.S. ADMIRAL

SEIZE HIS SON, LIEUT, TRAIN, AS HOSTAGE AT NANKIN.

State Armsed by Accidental Wanding of Sattre Wamen Buring Hunting Prip Marines fauded and Clast With the Mote Government Awatts Official News

Special Cable Descatch to Two Stry. SHANGHAL Oct. 30 - Rear Admira harles J. Train, commander in chief of the American Asiatic flest, and his son out. Charles R. Train, commander of the gunboat Quiros, vere pheasant shooting outside of Nankin, capital of the Province of Kinngsi, when the Admiral accilentally peppered a Chinese woman with Hundreds of villagers surrounded the two officers and took away their guns. They knocked the Admira town in the mud and kept his son as a hostage.

The natives attacked a strong American escort that was sent to the rescue and forty marines were landed. The mob attacked them and tried to pitchfork the officer in command. The marines fired and one of the assailants was wounded in the arm The Chinese officials support the villagers

and refuse to restore the guns. WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.-Administration officials regard as extremely serious the news of the attack on Rear Admiral Charles J. Train and his son Lieut, Charles R. Train, by Chinese peasants at Nankin. Secretary Root has instructed Thornwell Haynes, the American Consul at Nankin, to make an immediate report, and Secretary Bonaparte has cabled to Admiral Train himself for information. There was a conference between Secretaries Root and Bonaparte this afternoon, and it is supposed that the affair was discussed.

If Lieut. Train is held a prisoner demands will probably be made upon the Chinese Government for his immediate release, and if such demands do not bring results forcible action may be necessary The United States Government's policy o the "open door" in China and the preser vation of the administrative entity of the country will in no way be set aside if it is necessary to assume a coercive attitude in effecting the release of the American naval officer.

An alarming feature of the reports from Nankin is the attitude of the Chinese authorities, who are represented as having upheld the mob's action in attacking Admiral Train and capturing his son. Had either Admiral Train or Lieut. Train been placed under arrest by the authorities for the accidental shooting of a native this phase of the affair would not be regarded as serious, but the consent of the Chinese officials to the ruling of a mob is likely to be a chief cause of complaint by this Government to China.

The question was raised here to-day as to the right of Admiral Train to land marines at Nankin, but it is not doubted that this point will be cleared up, as it has always been the policy of this Government to make use of marines in protecting American citizens in countries where there was no assurance that the Government could afford ample protection.

Sir Chentung Liang-Cheng, the Chinese Minister here, has received no advices concerning the affair at Nankin. The Minister said to-day that he did not believe that the incident would amount to a great deal. He said also that the Viceroy who governs Nankin and the surrounding prov nce is a capable and strong man, and amply able to control any situation which may

The wounding of Chinese by hunters about Nankin as well as at various other places along the Chinese coast is a common thing, and it is said that some Chinese make a practice of getting in front of fine bird shot. If they are hit the matter is usually squared by the payment of a small sum of money. A number of naval officers now on duty in Washington have become involved with the natives by accidentally hitting them with shot. It is the custom for officers of the American and other navies to go fowl hunting whenever they are on the Chinese coast. Wild fowl, including duck, quail, pheasants and snipe, abound in large quantities in the rice fields and the sport is excellent.

The presence of the battleship Ohio at Nankin makes it possible for the United States to take quick action in securing the release of Lieut. Train in case the Chinese Government refuses to act or shows that it

#### HORSE'S HEAD IN TROLLEY CAR. Collision Ends Fifth Av. Runaway-Girl Cut-Cop's Narrow Escape.

A delivery wagon horse left standing mobile last evening and dashed down Fifth avenue from Eighteenth street. It was a few minutes after 6 o'clock and the avenue

Several men made attempts to stop the horse, but he plunged through the tangle of vehicles, heading down the avenue. Drivers and coachmen, warned by shouts, gave him the middle of the street.

Mounted Policeman Frank Anderson of the traffic squad, riding Snapper, a handsome bay horse, was at Tenth street, going north, when the runaway hove in sight. Wheeling his horse, Anderson galloped beside the runaway and caught its bridle at Ninth street, but the slippery pavement did not afford his own horse any purchase and he could only reduce the animal's

Just then a westbound Eighth street car crossed the avenue. Anderson couldn't steer aside on account of other rehicles, nor could he stop the runaway, so the whole

outfit slammed into the side of the car. The shafts of the wagon snapped like matches and the runaway's head went through a window. Snapper struck the car sideways and, like the runaway, was thrown from his feet. Anderson was pulled from his saddle, but he escaped

The car was crowded. The collision throw the passengers in a heap and showered them with broken glass. Several had slight cuts and Miss Annie M. Smith of slight cuts and miss Annie M. Smith of Orange, who had been sitting by the window through which the runaway poked its head, got a bad gash on the back of her head and a cut on the right cheek. She refused to go to a hospital and after her wounds were dressed she was sent in a cab to the ferry. The other passengers who were hurt refused to give their names to the police.

The runaway horse, which is owned, the police say, by Asa Shipman of 48 Morris street, was badly cut about the head. Snapper, like his rider, apparently escaped

THE DOOM OF A PRIMA DONNA. Strange life and fearful death of a famous singer.
W. Stoddard, National Magazine of Boston
of Nevember.—Ads.

#### CEAHINA MAY FLEE. Report That tierman Crutaer Will Take Her and Her Children to Bontrig.

Assertal Cante Committee to Two Stra Bentay, Oct. 30. The new turbing orginer Luebeck, accompanied by the third and fifth divisions of the torpedo boats belong-

ing to the German Baltle squadron, left Kiel early this morning under secret orders. It is semi-officially learned this evening that the Kaiser put the torpedo boats at the Czar's disposal to convey despatches and diplomatic correspondence during the paralysis of the rallways in Russia and to maintain communication between the courts at Potsdam and Peterhof. The Czar gratefully accepted the offer. The vessels will

ply between Peterhof and Memel. According to the Lokalangeiger, the Luc beck will not share in the despatch service, but will embark the Czarina and her children and bring them to Dantzig, whence they will proceed to Darmstadt and will reside at the court of the Czarina's brother pending the restoration of quiet in Russia.

Another report states that the Luchack was sent to protect the British Embassy at St. Petersburg.

#### WRECK KILLS 12; INJURES 25. Fast Santa Fe Train Ground to Pieces in Deep Stone Walled Cut.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 30,-The California Express No. 1, the fastest regular train on the Santa Fé system, was ditched n a cut a mile east of the city limits at 1 o'clock this morning. Twelve dead and twenty-five injured persons have been taken out of the wreck.

The accident happened a few yards west of where the Santa Fé crosses Rock Creek. A deep cut with solid limestone sides extending higher than the tops of the cars begins close to the bridge. The engine struck a loose rail, but stayed on the track. The mail car jumped to the right, struck the side of the bluff, and the cars behind ploughed through it and piled up against the high stone bank on the left.

The great natural wall of rough stone against which the cars were thrown tore the side off the day coaches, and passengers, ground against the wall, were killed or eriously injured.

### WEST UNDER SNOW BLANKET. Heavy Storm Reported From Many Points

Beyond the Mississippi. OMAHA, Oct. 30.-The first snow of the season in eastern Nebraska began falling today, completely covering the ground, with indications of a heavier fall during the day. St. JOSEPH. Mo., Oct. 30.—The first snow of the season is falling here to-day and nelting rapidly.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 30. - Snow and sleet covering the central portion of Iowa began falling to-day. SUPERIOR, Wis., Oct.30.-Following freez-

ing weather for the past two days, one inch snow has afforded the first sleighing of the sesson in Squerior. ST. PAUL. Minn., Oct. 30 .- A heavy snowstorm prevailed here yesterday and last

#### About eight inches of snow fell in St. Paul and Minneapolis. The snow was general in Minnesota and Wisconsin.

AMERIKA IN A GALE.

nds Rack Word by Wirels Doesn't Bother Her. The new Hamburg-American giantess, the Amerika, on her first trip east, got into wireless communication with Sable Island on Saturday, when 1,000 miles from Sandy Hook, and her commander, Capt. Sauermann, sent this message to Emil L. Boas,

general manager at this port of the line "The steamship has thus far encountered strong winds and heavy seas, in spite of which there is very little motion, and hardly any spray taken on the forward decks. passengers are exceedingly pleased with the excellent sea-going qualities of the Amerika, and all on board are well."

# FATALLY ILL ON STAGE ROOF. Mrs. Arnold Has Apoplectic Selzure While

Riding on Fifth Avenue. Mrs. Ellen Arnold, a widow, 52 years old, of 70 West Forty-fifth street, was taken ill on the top of a Fifth avenue stage at Broadway and Twenty-fifth street yesterday. swooned before assistance reached her. Mrs. Arnold was lifted from the top of the stage to the sidewalk and then she was sent to the New York Hospital in an ambulance. Two hours after she arrived at the hospital she died. Her death was caused by apoplexy. Edward Arnold, a real estate dealer, of 27 Pine street, a son of Mrs. Arnold. took charge of her body. Mrs. Arnold was the widow of the late Patrick L. Arnold who when he died five years ago was a produce merchant.

# TOWN BARBER SAVES THE BANK Opens Fire on Four Cracksmen and Drives

Them From Their Plunder. CORRY, Pa., Oct. 30.-Four robber entered the village of Saegertown early this morning, forced the door to the bank of Slocum, Dechman & Co., and endeavored to blow open the vault. The explosion wakened Tremont Shorts, the village barber. He got his revolver and opened fire on the robbers, who beat a retreat. The robbers had two buggies awaiting them, and into these they leaped and, shooting right and left drove, toward Titusville.

# SHIPLOAD OF MUSICIANS. The Kaiser Wilhelm II. to Bring Stars for

the Opera Season. The belated Kaiser Wilhelm II., which will not arrive here until Wednesday, brings contingent for the opera company at th Metropolitan. Three of the tenors-MM. Caruso, Dippel and Knote-Signor Scotti, Miss Bella Alten and Edyth Walker are thought by Mr. Conried to be on board M. Stengel-Sembrich, husband of the prima donna, who does not arrive here until November 10, is also on board.

Mme. Gadski, who is coming to make concert tour in this country, and Otte Cheu, the young English violinist, are pas-sengers. So are Willem Mengelberg, the famous Dutch conductor, and Jean Gerardy. the 'cellist, who returns here after an abence of two years. Robert Blass arrived here yesterday on La Gascogne.

GOLD SEAL CHAMPAGNE-America's Favor

The Fastest Long Distance Train

# RUSSIANS WIN CIVIC LIBERTY.

# Czar, Facing Revolution, Yields Autocratic Power, Grants a Constitution.

### WITTE HEAD OF MINISTRY.

# Promise of General Suffrage, Freedom of Conscience, Speech, Union and Association.

Government Is Warned Not to Interfere in the Elections to the National Assembly, Which is to Draft the Constitution-Czar Pleads for Peace-News Not Yet Generally Known in Russia, and Its Effect Is Problematical-Terrible Developments in France Under Similar Conditions Not Forgetter -Communication With Mescow Restored-City Under Reign of Terror for Days-Two Companies of Infantry at Odessa Mutiny After Sunday's Killings-Troops at Moseow Refuse to Fire.

From THE SUN Correspondent at St. Petersburg. St. Petersburg, Oct. 30.—The Russian autocracy is at an end. Nicholas, under the unanimous advice of his Ministers and under the pressure of the passive revolt of his whole empire, has surrendered his autocratic power and granted a constitutional government

Thus disappears the last absolute monarchy among civilized peoples, and thus popular liberty wins its culminating victory in the history of mankind.

The concession comes unwillingly. It is in fact, the last desperate effort to save the crown itself for the Romanoff dynasty. Whether it will suffice in the present supreme crisis of national rebellion cannot

It is complete enough in promises. All ordinary political liberties and genuine representative government by a national legislature are granted. A constitution itself is not formulated, but the power to draft one is delegated to a duma to be elected by the suffrage of all classes.

This should restore peace throughout the empire. The only danger is that popuof the complete paralysis of the Government so widespread that the masses may rush into grave excesses and demand the complete sweeping away of the existing

régime throughout the empire. The novel sense of power suddenly seizing a populace long held under the heel of repression brought terrible consequences to France under remarkably, similar circumstances. The intelligent leaders of the reform movement in all classes may be depended upon to use every effort to save Russia from the scenes of the French Revolution. A few hours more will deter-

mine the turn of events. Meantime, to-night's great news is not yet known to the Russian people. It will be some time before the tidings can reach the distant parts of the empire. Every large city except St. Petersburg is now isolated from its neighbors and cut off from the world at large.

The problem of the moment is, Does liberty come too late, or will anarchy reign until the old order of things is completely

# WHAT THE CZAR YIELDS.

The Czar's manifesto says:

"We, Nicholas II., by the grace of God, Emperor and Autocrat of All the Russias, Czar of Poland, Grand Duke of Finland. &c., declare to all our faithful subjects that the troubles and agitation in our capital and numerous other places fill our heart with great and painful sorrow. The happiness of the Russian sovereign is indissolubly bound up with the happiness of the people, and the sorrow of the people is the sorrow of the sovereign.

"From the agitations may arise a great national disorganization and menace to the integrity and unity of our empire. The supreme duty imposed on us by our sovereign mission requires us to efface ourself and with all our reason and all our power to hasten the cessation of the troubles so

"Having directed the different authorities to take steps to prevent open manifestations of disorder, excesses and violence and to protect our peaceful subjects, who are anxious for the quiet accomplishment of the duty which lies upon us all, we have recognized that in order to assure the success of general measures for the pacification of public life it is indispensable to coordinate and unify the powers of the central government.

"We, therefore, direct the Government Bottled in Stoneware, Sold Everywhere, That's Muir's Scotch Ale. Those who wan nioy the best never order anything else.-

ing manner

"1. To grant the population the immutable foundations of civic liberty based on the real inviolability of the person, and freedom of conscience, speech, union and association.

"2. Without deferring the elections to the State dume (assembly) already ordered, to call to participation in the duna, as far as possible in view of the shortness of time before the duma is assembled, those classes of the population now completely deprived of electoral rights, leaving the development of the principle of electoral rights in general to the newly established

legislative order of things. "3. To establish it as an immutable rule that no law can come into force without the approval of the State duma, and that it shall be possible for the elected of the people to exercise real participation in the supervision of the legality of the acts of the authorities appointed by us.

"The Government is to abstain from any nterference with the elections to the duma and is to keep in view our sincere desire for the realization of the ukase of December 25, 1904. It must maintain the prestige of the duma and confidence in its labors, and not resist its decisions so long as they are not inconsistent with the historic greatness of Russia. One must identify oneself with the ideas of a great majority of society, and not with the echoes of noisy groups and factions, too often unstable. It is especially important to secure the reform of the council of the empire on an electoral prin-

"I believe that in the exercise of the executive power the following principles hould be embodied:

"1. Sincerity in the confirmation of civil liberty and in providing guarantees for ts maintenance.

"2. A tendency toward the abolition of xclusive laws. "3. The coordination of activity of all

the organs of government. "4. The avoidance of repressive measures especting proceedings which do not openly

menace society or the State. "5. Resistance to acts which manifestly threaten society or the State, such resistance being based upon the law and on moral unity with a reasonable majority of society. Confidence must be placed in the political tact of Russian society. It is impossible that society should desire a state of anarchy which would threaten the addition of all the horrors of civil strife

and the dismemberment of the empire. "We appeal to all the faithful sons of Russia to remember their duty toward the teurish efforts of the revolutionists, will lar passion is so inflamed and the perception | fatherland and to aid in bringing an end to | loyally cooperate with Count Witte. Otherthese unprecedented troubles, and to apply

"Given at Peterhof, October 17 (O. S.), 1905, in the eleventh year of our reign.

"NICHOLAS."

WITTE HEAD OF THE MINISTRY. The appointment of Count Witte as President of the Committee of Ministers is gazetted. He is charged by the Czar to take measures for the unification of the work of the various Ministers as a preliminary to the sanctioning of a draft law for the creation of a Council of Ministers.

FEW HEAR THE NEWS. ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 30-10 P. M.-The news of the signing of the manifesto became known to a few persons here at 6 o'clock this evening, but no information on the subject reached the crowds on the streets. Even now the general populace is in complete ignorance of the liberty that has been granted to them, although the knowledge has reached some of the politi-

The moderate liberals are very enthusiastic, but the revolutionists are suspicious. They say significantly that they have heard this sort of thing before. Their attitude, caused considerable commotion among them. One section demands that the popular pressure be maintained until the new régime is really established.

In a few cases the announcement caused a hysterical uproar among the coteries sitting indoors. Nothing is heard on the streets, where the troops would doubtless suppress any attempt at a demonstration.

It was believed that the manifesto would be posted at the street corners of the capital at midnight, but it is stated that owing to the strike the printers refused appeals to print the new charter of their liberties, and no copies can be obtained.

The lovers of coincidences will be interested to recall that October 30 is the anniversary of the railway disaster at Borke, when Nicholas, then the Czarevitch, and his parents narrowly escaped destruction.

# WITTE'S ENORMOUS TASK. Leader in Russia's New Era at Work on His

Cabinet. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN

LONDON, Oct. 31.-The correspondents at St. Petersburg are able to give little information beyond the manifesto itself concerning the birth of the Russian constitution and the inception of a representative government. It is obvious that little can

vet be decided. The task before the new government

to carry out our inflexible will in the follow: is extremely arduous, for the entire so lal and political framework, including the greater part of the penal code, has to undergo serious changes. Almost in a twinkling the press laws and prohibitions, religious statutes, passport legislation, in a

PRICE TWO CENTS.

regenerated. The new government is not formed, nor will it be to morrow. Count Witte, who arrived at Peterboff at 4 o'clock on Monday afternoon, returned to St. Petersburg at 9 o'clock. He was tired and nervous. For more than a week he has undergone a severe strain, mental as well as physical, sleeping little and irregularly. He was busy all Sunday night

word, everything, must be renewed and

until 6 o,clock Monday morning, and again from 9 o'clock Monday morning. After his return he discussed State affairs with his future colleagues. Who these will be it is impossible to say, for it is impossible to constitute a Cabinet the very first time as easily as in an old constitutional country. Thus no Minister of the Interior has yet been selected by Count Witte, but he has one in view whose name, even if it could be revealed, would be unknown in Europe, but whose fitness for the arduous

post appears to be established. It is stated that M. Kokovtseff, Minister of Finance, will retire in favor of a person who has not yet been selected, but the likeliest candidate is apparently M. Timiriazoff, Assistant Finance Minister. He enjoys a reputation for solitity and circumspection, if not for brilliancy or initiative.

It is not improbable that the present Minister of Justice, M. Manukhin, will continue in office, but it is held by many that he is hardly fit to retain the post. It is said that Justice Glebeff visited him on Monday to present a resolution adopted by the St. Petersburg justices to adjourn their courts until the strike ended. M; Manukhin did not object, but he asked. the Justices:

"Do you and your friends really believe that a constituent assembly would restore

tranquillity to Russia?" Justice Gleboff replied: "Yes, because liberty and a constitution based on universal suffrage would place the country in the way of determining its own fate and insure rational progress."

"There you err." responded the Minister. "The present revolution is social, not merely political.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Morning Post sends a list of M. Witte's Cabinet, which he says, though premature, comes from a well informed source. Some of the names are unfamiliar. They are given as follows: Minister of Finance, Privy Councillor Romanoff; Minister of the Interior, Prince Alexis Obolenski; Minister of Instruction, M. Koni; Minister of Communications, M. Zeigler, and Minister of Agriculture, M. Kutler.

The correspondent adds that an important question is whether Gen. Trepoff, whose energetic measures baffled the amawise the present condition of the capital, which suggests a vast revolutionary picaic;

will develop into absolute anarchy. The Times's St. Petersburg correspondent, remarking upon the present general

ignorance in Russia of the manfesto, says: "The strikers are still unconscious of their victory, if victory they will call it; for it is doubtful whether the grant of civic freedom, extended suffrage, a legislative duma and ministrial responsibility, with Count Witte as Premier, and the consequent disappearance of the bureaucracy; will satisfy the victorious revolutionary leaders, who demanded nothing less than universal suffrage and a constituent as-

"It is doubtful even whether the reformers will consent to accept concessions from the hands of the bureaucratic regime. It is doubtful whether the forced surrender of the Government in the very midst of a revolutionary upheaval can be regarded otherwise than as a signal for further strife.

"The manifesto is the autocracy's last manifestation. It will, however, bring an end to the acute stage of the Russian crisis and mark the starting point of a new era. Political life is still replete with possibilities of danger. The very success of the cause of freedom will only stimulate the reactionary elements to greater activity, and as long as the army remains under its present chiefs, Russia cannot in safe from the possibility of a pronunciamento. Complete stability will not be a ssured until the vast millions of untutored peasants share in the blessing of

# WORKMEN DEMAND ARMS. Call on Municipality of St. Petersburg to

Come to Their Aid. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 30 .- At an ex. traordinary session of the municipality of St. Petersburg to-day a delegation of the Workmen's Union of Unions, representing half a million workers, declared that the police had threatened them with arrest. The workmen demanded the intervention of the municipality in order to

guarantee their inviolability. The president of the Municipal Council. as acting Mayor, called upon the president of the union to make a statement upon the subject. He gave a review of the present state of affairs, saying that the struggle of the workmen against the bureaucrats had become acute, and he pointed out the necessity for the municipality to take the part of one side or the other, as the workmen would declare themselves against the municipality if it did not support

The workmen's demands were, the speaker stated, that the municipality give them places for holding their meetings and organize soup kitchens for workmen, suppress the monetary grant for the maintenance of police and of all troops who are enemies of the people, and furnish money for the purchase of arms for the workman. The workman were not op-

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14